

NMK20603

Computer Architecture

Codes so far:

✓ alu_4b

Homework?

⇒ zbuff (>1b)

⇒ decode38

⇒ cmp_2b

Digital systems:

- ▶ combinational
 - ⇒ logic gates (and/or/inv)
- ▶ sequential
 - = latch/flip-flop

Let's go
sequential

Describing Sequential Logic

Latches & Flip-flop

Difference?

**Trigger:
Level vs Edge!**

Keyword

► always

⇒ like initial

```
always
begin
    // code goes here
    // data type: reg
    // 'always' triggered
end
```

Syntax

► @()

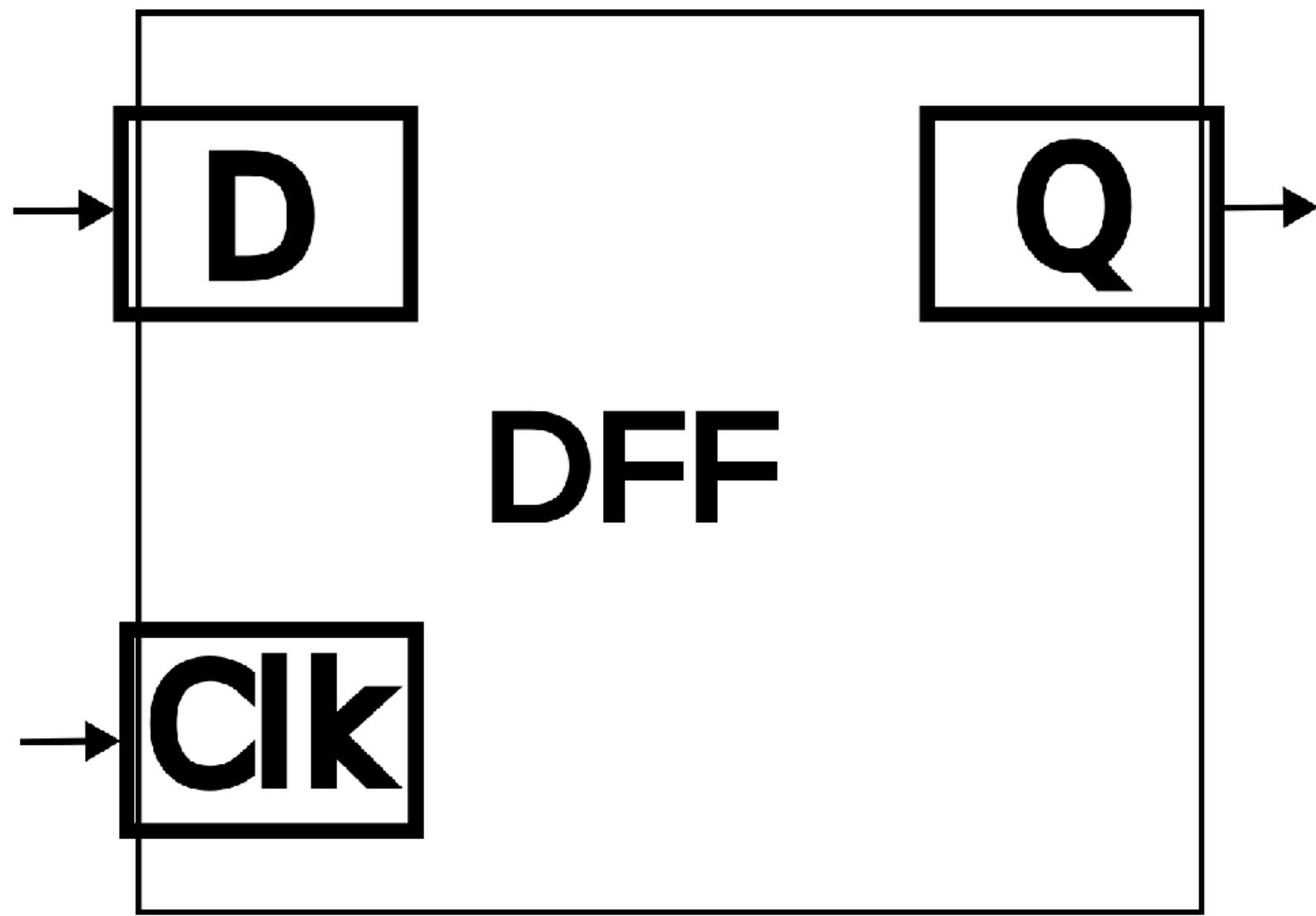
⇒ sensitivity list

⇒ v95: or separated

⇒ v2k1: comma separated

```
always @(A or B)
begin
    // triggered when
    // A/B changes
end
```

D Flip-flop



DFF

Describe:

dff

```
moduledff(iclk,idat,odat);
input iclk,idat;
output odat;
reg odat;
always @(iclk) begin
  if (iclk==1'b1) begin
    odat = idat;
  end
end
endmodule
```

Syntax

- reg assignment

- ⇒ = vs <=

- ⇒ sequence vs concurrent

```
always @(idat) begin
    tdat = idat
    odat = tdat;
    // odat always same as tdat
end
```

```
always @(idat) begin
    tdat <= idat
    odat <= tdat;
    // odat may differ from tdat
end
```

Testbench?

⇒ no 'template'

Clock 'generator'

```
// use in tb  
// 10TU clock period  
parameter CLK_P = 10;  
reg dclk; // clock net  
always begin  
    #(CLK_P/2) dclk = ~dclk;  
end
```

User task

@custom sequence!

Keyword

► task/endtask

⇒ for tb only

```
// assume @+ve edge dff
// assume driver net is ddat
// should call this @-ve edge
reg ddat;
task dff_wr ;
    input integer dbit;
    begin
        ddat = dbit;
        $display("## [WR-dff] '%b' ",$time,ddat);
        #(CLKP/2); // setup time
        // should latch here
        #(CLKP/2); // hold time
        // 1-cycle
    end
endtask
```

DFF output

'monitor'

```
// detectdff output
// can also use mdat!
always @(dut.odat) begin
    $write("[%05g]dffQ=%b\n", $time, dut.odat);
end
```

Notice:

► dut.odat?

Describe:

dff_tb

```
module dff_tb ();
// clock generator
// task to write to dff
// dff output monitor
// the rest...
wire mdat;
initial begin
    // reset condition
    dclk = 1'b1; //at tu=0, dclk is 1
    ddat = 1'b0;
    // start test
    #(CLKP/2); // wait for -ve edge
    dff_wr(1);
    #CLKP;
    // verify here?
    #CLKP;
    dff_wr(0);
    #(CLKP*5);
    $stop;
end
dff dut (dclk,ddat,mdat);
endmodule
```

Register?

- ▶ dff with purpose!
- ⇒ wr/rd on request

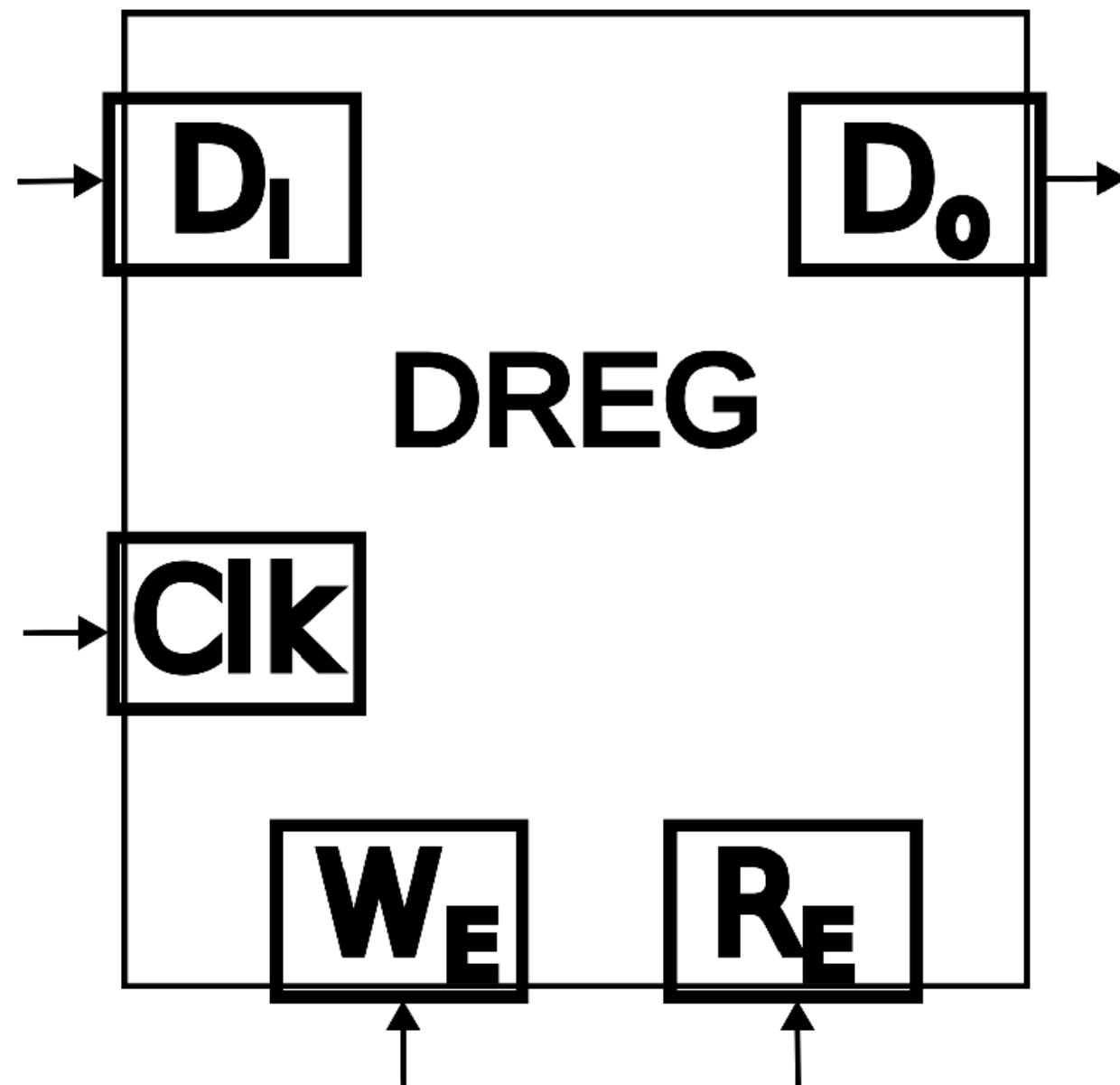
Ports:

- ✓ iclk, idat, odat
- ✓ wenb, renb (write/read enable)

Syntax

► posedge
⇒ sensitivity list

```
always @(posedge dclk)
begin
    // triggered when
    // dclk transition 0->1
end
```



Describe:

dreg

⇒ BITS=4

```
module dreg (iclk,wenb,renb,idat,odat);
parameter BITS=4;
input iclk,wenb,renb;
input[BITS-1:0] idat;
output[BITS-1:0] odat;
wire[BITS-1:0] odat
output[BITS-1:0] tdat;
always @(posedge iclk) begin
  if (wenb==1'b1) begin
    odat = idat;
  end
end
defparam oenb.BITS = BITS;
zbuff oenb (renb,tdat,odat);
endmodule
```

Practice:

⇒ task>dreg_write

```
// modified from dff_wr
// assume wr_enb drive signal dwen
// using parameter BITS
reg dwen;
reg[BITS-1:0] ddat;
task dreg_write ;
    input integer dval;
    begin
        ddat = dval; // setup data for write
        dwen = 1'b1; // enable write for 1 clk period
        $display("## [##] WR-dreg:'%b' ",$time,ddat);
        #(CLKP/2); // setup time
        #(CLKP/2); // hold time
        dwen = 1'b0; // disable write
    end
endtask
```

Practice:

⇒ 'monitor' code for dreg?

```
// similar to that in dff_tb
// monitor reg changes (NOT output)
always @(dut.tdat) begin
    $write("## [%05g] dregQ=%b\n", $time, dut.tdat);
end
```

Practice:

⇒ task>dreg_read

```
// assume rd_enb drive signal dren
// assume output net is mdat
// assume read on +ve
// call on -ve clk edge, mutual exclusive to dreg_wr
reg dren;
wire[BITS-1:0] mdat;
task dreg_read ;
    begin
        dren = 1'b1; // enable read for 1 clk period
        #(CLKP/2); // setup time
        $display("@@ [%05g] RD-dreg:'%b' ",$time,mdat);
        #(CLKP/2); // hold time
        dren = 1'b0; // disable read
    end
endtask
```

Practice:
⇒ reset condition?

dwen = 1'b0;

dren = 1'b0;

Practice:

dreg_tb

```
module dreg_tb ();
parameter BITS=4;
// clock generator
// task:dreg_write
// dreg output monitor
// task:dreg_read
// the rest...
initial begin
    dclk = 1'b1; //ddat = 4'h5;
    dwen = 1'b0; dren = 1'b0;
    // start test
    dreg_read();
    #(CLKP/2); // wait for -ve edge
    dreg_write(4'b1010);
    #CLKP;
    dreg_read();
    dreg_write(12);
    #CLKP;
    dreg_read();
    $stop;
end
defparam dut.BITS = BITS;
dreg dut (dclk,dwen,dren,ddat,mdat);
endmodule
```

Register block?

- ▶ 4x4b register
 - ▶ with bus to move!
- ⇒ what else do we need?

Homework:
⇒ **regblock4**